

TOLES FOUNDATION EXAM PRACTICE

Exercise 1

Look at the groups of words below. In each group, three of the words belong to the same subject area but there is one word that does not belong. Put a circle around the word that is the odd one out. Do not circle more than one answer for each sentence. There is an example at the beginning (*).

(*)	A offer	B acceptance	C <u>binding</u>	D consideration
(1)	A common law	B precedent	C ratio decidendi	D statute
(2)	A revoked	B rejected	C factor	D lapsed
(3)	A MP	B obiter dictum	C election	D Parliament
(4)	A donation	B deed	C contract under seal	D duress
(5)	A sue	B claimant	C defendant	D legislation

Exercise 2

Read the following pairs of sentences. For each pair of sentences there are two possibilities, A or B. Decide which sentence uses the correct preposition. Write your answers in the box below. There is an example at the beginning (*).

Example

(*) (A) Contracts must not be contrary to Acts of Parliament.

(B) Contracts must not be contrary at Acts of Parliament.

1 (A) A precedent is binding upon later cases that are the same or similar in nature.

(B) A precedent is binding to later cases that are the same or similar in nature.

2 (A) The lowest courts are called courts for first instance.

(B) The lowest courts are called courts of first instance.

3 (A) The company offered David some shares on a special price.

(B) The company offered David some shares at a special price.

4 (A) Forbearance is a promise not to do something in the future.

(B) Forbearance is a promise not to do something at the future.

5 (A) The contract is not valid because Mr Jackson signed it against duress.

(B) The contract is not valid because Mr Jackson signed it under duress.

(*) A	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
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